

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT (with required supplementary and additional information)

JUNE 30, 2024

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education White Cloud Public Schools White Cloud, Michigan

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of White Cloud Public Schools, White Cloud, Michigan as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of White Cloud Public Schools, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the Unites States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of White Cloud Public Schools and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about White Cloud Public Schools' ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an

audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of White Cloud Public Schools' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about White Cloud Public Schools' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, on pages 4-11 and 47-53 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise White Cloud Public Schools basic financial statements. The accompanying combining nonmajor and individual fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the

basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the financial statements of combining nonmajor and individual fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the bond schedules but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 11, 2024, on our consideration of White Cloud Public Schools' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of White Cloud Public Schools' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering White Cloud Public Schools' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cadillac, Michigan October 11, 2024

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

This section of White Cloud Public Schools' ("the District") annual report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements consist of the following three components: the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and the notes to basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights Section

Government-Wide

- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$6,357,701 creating a deficit net position amount.
- The government's total net deficit decreased by \$4,810,006.

Fund Level

- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$7,699,010, an increase of \$2,220,065 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$6,464,817.

Overview of the Financial Statements

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statements provide short-term and long-term financial information about the District's overall financial status. The district-wide financial statements are compiled using full accrual basis of accounting and more closely represent financial statements presented by business and industry. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the year's revenue and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two district-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position – the difference between the District's assets and liabilities – is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

Over time, increases and decreases in the District's net position are indicators of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

To assess the overall health of the District requires consideration of additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are all shown in one category titled "Governmental Activities". These activities, including instruction, supporting services, community services, student activities, food service, facilities acquisition and other transactions including interest on long-term debt and depreciation/amortization, are primarily financed with state and federal aids and property taxes.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

B. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds, rather than the District as a whole. Funds that do not meet the threshold to be classified as major funds are called "non-major" funds. Detailed financial information for non-major funds can be found in the combining and individual fund statements section.

Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants. The District may establish other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes.

The District maintains the following kinds of funds:

Governmental Funds – The District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on 1) how cash and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash flow in and out, and 2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps to determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information (reconciliation schedules) immediately following the governmental funds statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between these two types of financial statement presentations.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in both the government-wide and the fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report further presents Required Supplementary Information (RSI) that explains and supports the information presented in the financial statements.

C. Summary of Net Position

The following schedule summarizes the net position at fiscal year ended June 30.

	2024	2023
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Assets		
Current Assets	\$ 10,395,932	\$ 7,448,430
Non Current Assets		
Net of Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	19,138,925	19,561,084
Total Assets	 29,534,857	27,009,514

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	2024	2023
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred Charges on Refunding	61,138	71,329
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions	4,745,167	5,266,271
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB	 1,115,003	1,385,887
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,921,308	6,723,487
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 35,456,165	\$ 33,733,001
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position		
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities	\$ 4,783,784	\$ 3,772,482
Long-Term Liabilities	 31,444,761	37,289,481
Total Liabilities	36,228,545	41,061,963
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions	3,152,609	1,463,206
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB	 2,432,712	2,375,539
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 5,585,321	3,838,745
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital/Right to Use Assets	5,607,049	4,760,602
Restricted for Other Postemployment Benefits	286,251	0
Unrestricted - (Deficit)	(12,251,001)	(15,928,309)
Total Net Position - (Deficit)	(6,357,701)	(11,167,707)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	\$ 35,456,165	\$ 33,733,001

D. Analysis of Financial Position

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the District's net position increased by \$4,810,006. A few of the more significant factors affecting net position during the year are discussed below:

1. Depreciation/Amortization Expense

The school district is required to maintain a record of annual depreciation/amortization expense and the accumulation of depreciation/amortization expense over time. The net increase in accumulated depreciation/amortization expense is a reduction in net position.

Depreciation/amortization expense is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets. In accordance with GAAP, depreciation/amortization expense is calculated based on the original cost

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

of the asset less an estimated salvage value, where applicable. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, \$1,253,433 was recorded for depreciation/amortization expense.

2. Capital Outlay Acquisitions

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, \$545,023 of expenditures were capitalized and recorded as assets of the District. These additions to the District's capital/right to use assets will be depreciated over time as explained above.

The net effect of the new capital/right to use assets and the current year's depreciation/amortization, is a decrease to capital/right to use assets in the amount of \$708,410 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. An increase to net capital/right to use assets is an increase in net position.

3. Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Expense

GASB 68 & 75 now require the District to account for its payments to the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System in a manner that has a significant effect on the District's change in net position. Based on various factors, the District may report an increase or decrease in net position depending on whether the District's proportionate share of the net pension and OPEB liabilities increases or decreases in any given year.

4. Payment of Principal on Bonded Debt and Direct Borrowings/Placements

During the year ending June 30, 2024, the District made the principal payments on its long-term liabilities of \$1,888,406. The payment of principal results in an increase to net position.

E. Change in Net Position

The following schedule summarizes the results of operations, on a district-wide basis, for the year ended June 30.

	2024	2023
Revenue		
Program Revenue:		
Charges for Services	\$ 104,596	\$ 92,757
Operating Grants	5,531,369	5,099,506
Capital Grants	56,560	667,879
General Revenue:		
Property Taxes - Levied for General Purposes	2,038,968	1,893,127
Property Taxes - Levied for Debt Service	2,383,653	2,200,876
Investment Earnings	165,532	53,637
State Sources	6,851,760	6,549,273
Other	 97,129	98,842
Total Revenue	 17,229,567	16,655,897

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	2024	2023
Function/Program Expense		
Instruction	4,973,567	7,772,613
Supporting Services	4,685,455	2,844,323
Community Services	4,816	4,959
Student Activities	108,743	95,734
Facilities Acquisition	2,841	237,647
Food Services	939,526	560,252
Interest on Long-Term Debt	446,340	503,632
Other Transactions	4,840	1,130
Unallocated Depreciation	1,253,433	1,420,531
Total Expenses	12,419,561	13,440,821
Change in Net Position	\$ 4,810,006	\$ 3,215,076

F. Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The financial performance of the District as a whole is also reflected in its governmental funds. The following table shows the change in total fund balances of each of the District's governmental funds:

		Increase					
	 2024 2023				(Decrease)		
Major Fund							
General Fund	\$ 6,518,344	\$	4,537,278	\$	1,981,066		
Food Service Fund	505,170		405,284		99,886		
2020 Debt Retirement Fund	55,394		62,154		(6,760)		
2020 School Building and Site Fund	0		5,774		(5,774)		
Nonmajor Funds							
Student Activities Fund	102,768		97,744		5,024		
Debt Retirement Funds	516,334		370,711		145,623		
Capital Projects Funds	1,000		0		1,000		
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 7,699,010	\$	5,478,945	\$	2,220,065		

As we noted earlier, the District uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Looking at funds helps the reader consider whether the District is being accountable for the resources taxpayers and others provide to it and may provide more insight into the District's overall financial health.

As the District completed this year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$7,699,010, which is an increase of \$2,220,065 from last year.

• The General Fund, our principal operating fund, increased its fund balance by \$1,981,066 for an ending balance of \$6,518,344. This increase is primarily due to an increase in revenues from the prior year, mostly due to an increase in state funding. Of the fund balance of \$6,518,344, \$13,725 is nonspendable for prepaid expenditures, \$39,802 is committed for retirement contracts, and \$6,464,817 is unassigned.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

- The Food Service Fund increased its fund balance by \$99,886 for an ending balance of \$505,170. The District operates a "Community Eligibility Provision" program which is highly effective and continues to have high participation. The District is working to spend down it's excess fund balance by purchasing equipment. Even though the District is trying to spend down its fund balance, it ended the year with an increase in fund balance. Of the fund balance of \$505,170, \$19,340 is nonspendable for inventory and prepaid expenditures and \$485,830 is restricted for food service.
- 2020 Debt Retirement Fund decreased its fund balance by \$6,760. The decrease is due to debt payments exceeding property taxes collected. The entire fund balance is restricted for debt service.
- 2020 School Building and Site Fund decreased its fund balance by \$5,774 as the remaining funds were spent. The fund is closed at the end of June 30, 2024.
- The Student Activities Fund increased its fund balance by \$5,024 for an ending balance of \$102,768. The increase in fund balance is due to increased fundraising taking place during the year. The entire fund balance of \$102,768 is assigned for student activities.
- The non-major Debt Retirement Funds increased their fund balance by \$145,623 for an ending balance of \$516,334. The increase in the Debt Retirement Funds can be attributed to tax revenues exceeding planned debt payments. The entire fund balance of \$516,334 is restricted for debt service.
- The Capital Projects Fund increased its fund balance by \$1,000 for an ending balance of \$1,000. This increase is due to a transfer in from the General Fund. The entire fund balance is committed for capital projects.

G. General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Uniform Budget Act of the State of Michigan requires that the local Board of Education approve the original budget for the upcoming fiscal year prior to its starting on July 1. Any amendments made to the operating budget must be approved by the Board prior to the close of the fiscal year on June 30.

For the 2023-2024 fiscal year, the District amended the general fund budget various times throughout the year. The following schedule shows a comparison of the original general fund budget to actual totals from operations:

ORIGINAL	AL FINAL			
BUDGET		BUDGET		ACTUAL
\$ 11,737,923	\$	14,239,946	\$	13,888,265
\$ 7,465,232	\$	7,205,621	\$	7,176,247
4,395,698		4,644,058		4,945,656
5,850		5,553		4,816
0		0		2,841
185,000		198,406		198,406
\$ 12,051,780	\$	12,053,638	\$	12,327,966
\$	\$ 11,737,923 \$ 7,465,232 4,395,698 5,850 0 185,000	BUDGET \$ 11,737,923 \$ \$ 7,465,232 \$ 4,395,698 5,850 0 185,000	BUDGET BUDGET \$ 11,737,923 \$ 14,239,946 \$ 7,465,232 \$ 7,205,621 4,395,698 4,644,058 5,850 5,553 0 0 185,000 198,406	BUDGET BUDGET \$ 11,737,923 \$ 14,239,946 \$ 7,465,232 \$ 7,205,621 4,395,698 4,644,058 5,850 5,553 0 0 185,000 198,406

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

There were various amendments to budgeted revenue during the year, mainly to account for an increase in expected state and federal revenue due to various state categorical grants and an overall increase in federal grants. Actual revenue came in lower than final budgeted revenue due to budgeting for the full potential amount of federal grants and what was actually earned for the year coming in lower than budgeted.

There was a minimal increase in total appropriated expenditures from the original budget to the final budget. There was a large decrease in budgeted instruction expenditures and a large increase in budgeted supporting service expenditures.

Actual expenditures came in over budget by a material amount. The variance between actual expenditures and final budgeted expenditures was mainly due to accounting for a bus lease that was not budgeted for.

H. Capital/Right to Use Asset and Debt Administration

1. Capital/Right to Use Assets

At June 30, 2024, the District has \$34,803,431 in a broad range of capital/right to use assets, including school buildings and facilities, school buses, and various types of equipment. Depreciation/amortization expense for the year amounted to \$1,253,433, bringing the accumulated depreciation/amortization to \$16,128,413 as of June 30, 2024.

Major additions of capital/right to use assets consisted of the following items:

- Elementary lift station improvement in the amount of \$63,560.
- Server refresh project in the amount of \$6,150.
- Meraki wi-fi equipment in the amount of \$18,045.
- Mobile refrigerator cabinet in the amount of \$13,353.
- 2023 Chevy Suburban in the amount of \$53,199.
- Bus lease in the amount of \$390,716.

The disposals to capital assets included:

- 1999 Dodge Caravan
- Bus lease

The District has not committed to any capital/right to use asset items prior to the end of the fiscal year.

Additional information on the District's capital/right to use assets can be found in the notes to this report.

2. Long-Term Obligations

At the end of this year, the District had \$32,683,507 in long-term obligations outstanding versus \$38,121,676 in the previous year. This represents a decrease of \$5,438,169 from the prior year. The majority of this debt consists of bonds payable of \$15,190,000. Other obligations include amounts for direct borrowings and direct placements of \$740,440, employee compensated absences and retirement contracts estimated at \$461,685, and net pension liability of \$16,291,382.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Additional information on the District's long-term obligations can be found in the notes to this report.

I. Factors Bearing on the District's Future

At the time that these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following items that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- The District, like many in the State, has seen declining enrollment over recent years, and understands the potential loss in State funding for the 2024-2025 fiscal year.
- As with other employers, the District continues to face increases in rates paid for employee benefits, particularly health insurance and retirement.
- The District will continue to look and work towards the future with possible debt extension bonds to focus
 on safety and security, new technology, infrastructure needs, and other possible building and grounds
 improvements.
- The District will also continue to limit the impact of the impending ESSER funding cliff, with removal of one-time federal monies.

J. Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Department, 555 Wilcox Street, White Cloud, Michigan 49349.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2024

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			
<u>ASSETS</u>				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash	\$	7,169,612		
Restricted Cash		5,793		
Due from Other Governmental Units		3,187,462		
Prepaid Expenses		19,407		
Inventory		13,658		
Total Current Assets		10,395,932		
NON CURRENT ASSETS				
Capital/Right to Use Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization)				
Assets Not Being Depreciated/Amortized		177,656		
Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized		18,675,018		
Net Other Postemployment Benefits Asset		286,251		
Total Non Current Assets		19,138,925		
TOTAL ASSETS		29,534,857		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Charges on Refunding		61,138		
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions		4,745,167		
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Other Postemployment Benefits		1,115,003		
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		5,921,308		
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable		150,294		
Accrued Expenses		38,588		
Accrued Interest Payable		82,428		
Due to Other Governmental Units		274,968		
Unearned Revenue		1,450,144		
Salaries & Benefits Payable		782,928		
Current Portion of Non Current Liabilities		2,004,434		
Total Current Liabilities		4,783,784		

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2024

	GOVERNMENTAL
	ACTIVITIES
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Bonds Payable - Net	15,891,539
Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements	740,440
Compensated Absences and Retirement Contracts	461,685
Net Pension Liability	16,291,382
Accrued Interest on School Loan Revolving Fund	64,149
Less Current Portion of Non Current Liabilities	(2,004,434)
Total Non Current Liabilities	31,444,761
TOTAL LIABILITIES	36,228,545
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions	3,152,609
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Other Postemployment Benefits	2,432,712
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	5,585,321
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital/Right to Use Assets	5,607,049
Restricted for Other Postemployment Benefits	286,251
Unrestricted - (Deficit)	(12,251,001)
TOTAL NET POSITION - (DEFICIT)	\$ (6,357,701)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	PROGRAM REVENUES CHARGES FOR OPERATING CAPITAL FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS EXPENSES SERVICES GRANTS GRANTS					NE RE	ACTIVITIES ET (EXPENSES) EVENUES AND CHANGE IN ET POSITION		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES									
Instruction	\$	4,973,567	\$	16,915	\$	2,804,927	\$ 0	\$	(2,151,725)
Supporting Services		4,685,455		55,649		1,662,621	56,560		(2,910,625)
Community Services		4,816		0		4,816	0		0
Student Activities		108,743		0		113,767	0		5,024
Facilities Acquisition		2,841		0		0	0		(2,841)
Food Service		939,526		32,032		945,238	0		37,744
Interest on Long-Term Debt		446,340		0		0	0		(446,340)
Other Transactions		4,840		0		0	0		(4,840)
Unallocated Depreciation		1,253,433		0		0	0		(1,253,433)
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	12,419,561	\$	104,596	\$	5,531,369	\$ 56,560		(6,727,036)
GENERAL REVENUES									
Property Taxes - Levied for General Purposes									2,038,968
Property Taxes - Levied for Debt Service									2,383,653
Investment Earnings									165,532
State Sources									6,851,760
Other									97,129
Total General Revenues									11,537,042
Change in Net Position									4,810,006
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year - (Deficit)									(11,167,707)
NET POSITION - End of Year - (Deficit)								\$	(6,357,701)

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

						2020				
					S	CHOOL				
				2020	Вι	JILDING		OTHER		
		FOOD		DEBT		AND	N	IONMAJOR		TOTAL
	GENERAL	SERVICE	RET	IREMENT		SITE	GO'	VERNMENTAL	GO'	VERNMENTAL
	FUND	FUND		FUND		FUND		FUNDS		FUNDS
<u>ASSETS</u>										
Cash	\$ 6,435,803	\$ 49,218	\$	56,146	\$	0	\$	628,445	\$	7,169,612
Restricted Cash	0	0		0		5,793		0		5,793
Due from Other Funds	26,735	407,889		0		0		11,847		446,471
Due from Other Governmental Units	3,151,063	36,399		0		0		0		3,187,462
Prepaid Expenditures	13,725	5,682		0		0		0		19,407
Inventory	0	13,658		0		0		0		13,658
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 9,627,326	\$ 512,846	\$	56,146	\$	5,793	\$	640,292	\$	10,842,403
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						_				
<u>LIABILITIES</u>										
Accounts Payable	\$ 150,294	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	150,294
Accrued Expenses	38,588	0		0		0		0		38,588
Due to Other Funds	419,736	0		752		5,793		20,190		446,471
Due to Other Governmental Units	274,968	0		0		0		0		274,968
Unearned Revenue	1,449,219	925		0		0		0		1,450,144
Salaries & Benefits Payable	776,177	6,751		0		0		0		782,928
Total Liabilities	3,108,982	7,676		752		5,793		20,190		3,143,393
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable for:										
Inventory	0	13,658		0		0		0		13,658
Prepaid Expenditures	13,725	5,682		0		0		0		19,407
Restricted for:										
Debt Service	0	0		55,394		0		516,334		571,728
Food Service	0	485,830		0		0		0		485,830
Committed for:										
Capital Projects	0	0		0		0		1,000		1,000
Retirement Contracts	39,802	0		0		0		0		39,802
Assigned for:										
Student Activities	0	0		0		0		102,768		102,768
Unassigned	6,464,817	0		0		0		0		6,464,817
Total Fund Balances	6,518,344	505,170		55,394		0		620,102		7,699,010
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND										
FUND BALANCES	\$ 9,627,326	\$ 512,846	\$	56,146	\$	5,793	\$	640,292	\$	10,842,403

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2024

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 7,699,01	0
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.			
The cost of the capital/right to use assets is Accumulated depreciation/amortization is	34,981,087 (16,128,413)	18,852,67	4
Some assets are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.			
Net Other Postemployment Benefits Asset		286,25	1
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.			
Bonds Payable		(15,190,00	0)
Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements		(740,44	
Compensated Absences and Retirement Contracts		(461,68	5)
Accrued interest is not included as a liability in governmental funds, it is recorded when paid.		(146,57	7)
Bond discounts for bonds issued after June 30, 2002, are expenditures at the modified accrual fund level, but are capitalized and written off over the life of the bonds payable at the district-wide full accrual level.			
Deferred Loss on Refunding Bond Discount (Premium)		61,138 (701,538	
Some liabilities, including net pension and OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Net Pension Liability		(16,291,38	2)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.)		
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions and OPEB		5,860,17	0
Deferred Inflow of Resources Related to Pensions and OPEB		(5,585,32	
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - (DEFICIT)		\$ (6,357,70	1)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	GENERAL FUND	FOOD SERVICE FUND	202 DEI RETIRE FUN	BT MENT	SCH BUIL Af SITE	OOL DING ND FUND ND	OTHER ONMAJOR /ERNMENTAL FUNDS	GO	TOTAL VERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES									
Local Sources	\$ 2,323,930	\$ 37,459	\$ 54	9,492	\$	43	\$ 1,956,813	\$	4,867,737
State Sources	9,589,012	38,433		0		0	0		9,627,445
Federal Sources	1,742,278	919,661		0		0	0		2,661,939
Other Transactions	233,045	0		0		0	0		233,045
Total Revenues	13,888,265	995,553	54	9,492		43	1,956,813		17,390,166
EXPENDITURES									
Instruction									
Basic Programs	4,781,084	0		0		0	0		4,781,084
Added Needs	2,395,163	0		0		0	0		2,395,163
Supporting Services									
Pupil	636,178	0		0		0	0		636,178
Instructional Staff	119,877	0		0		0	0		119,877
General Administration	394,353	0		0		0	0		394,353
School Administration	517,542	0		0		0	0		517,542
Business	286,784	0		0		34	0		286,818
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,321,161	0		0	2	24,725	0		1,345,886
Pupil Transportation Services	1,070,943	0		0		0	0		1,070,943
Support Services Central	378,889	0		0		0	0		378,889
Athletic Activities	219,929	0		0		0	0		219,929
Student Activities	0	0		0		0	108,743		108,743
Food Service	0	845,674		0		0	0		845,674
Community Services									
Community Activities	4,338	0		0		0	0		4,338
Welfare Activities	478	0		0		0	0		478
Facilities Acquisition									
Building Improvement Services Debt Service	2,841	0		0		0	0		2,841
Principal	198,406	0	55	5,000		0	1,135,000		1,888,406
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	0	4	6,200		0	512,635		558,835
Other Transactions	0	0		1,052		0	3,788		4,840
Total Expenditures	12,327,966	845,674	60	2,252	2	24,759	1,760,166		15,560,817
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over Expenditures	1,560,299	149,879	(5	2,760)	(2	24,716)	196,647		1,829,349
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Proceeds from Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements	390,716	0		0		0	0		390,716
Transfers In (Out)	30,051	(49,993)	4	6,000	1	18,942	(45,000)		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	420,767	(49,993)	4	6,000	1	18,942	(45,000)		390,716
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,981,066	99,886	(6,760)		(5,774)	151,647		2,220,065
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year	4,537,278	405,284	6	2,154		5,774	468,455		5,478,945
FUND BALANCE - End of Year	\$ 6,518,344	\$505,170	\$ 5	5,394	\$	0	\$ 620,102	\$	7,699,010

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances Total Governmental Funds	\$	2,220,065
Amounts reported for governmental activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. In the Statement of Activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation. Additionally, the gain or loss on sale or disposal of capital assets is recorded in the statement of activities.		
Depreciation/Amortization Expense Capital Outlay		(1,253,433) 545,023
Accrued interest on bonds is recorded in the Statement of Activities when incurred; it is not recorded in governmental funds until it is paid:		
Accrued Interest Payable - Beginning of Year Accrued Interest Payable - End of Year		131,426 (146,577)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis of accounting, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available.		
Repayment of Bond Principal		1,690,000
Repayment of Notes from Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements		198,406
Proceeds from Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements		(390,716)
Amortization of Deferred Charges and Bond Issuance Premium		127,646
Accumulated Sick Pay and Retirement Buyout are reported on the accrual method in the statement of activities, and recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are used in the governmental funds:		
Accumulated Sick Pay and Other Vested Benefits- Beginning of Year		478,893
Accumulated Sick Pay and Other Vested Benefits- End of Year		(394,759)
Retirement Buyout - Beginning of Year		51,714
Retirement Buyout - End of Year		(66,926)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Changes in Pension Related Items		788,904
Changes in OPEB Related Items		990,939
Restricted revenue reported in the governmental funds that is deferred to offset the deferred outflows related to Section 147 C pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date		
Change in State Aid Funding for Pension		(160,599)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	Ś	4,810,006
	T	.,==0,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the White Cloud Public Schools have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The School District ("the District") is located in Newaygo County with its administrative offices located in White Cloud, Michigan. The District operates under an elected seven-member board of education and provides services to its 920 students in elementary, middle school, high school, special education instruction, guidance, health, transportation, food service, and athletics. The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with all of the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity as defined by generally accepted accounting principles. Board members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and the primary accountability for fiscal matters.

B. Description of Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report the information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable. The District does not have any business-type activities or component units.

C. Basis of Presentation – Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from the governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *special revenue (Food Service) fund* accounts for revenue sources that are assigned to expenditures for specific purposes. The District accounts for its food service activities in a special revenue fund.

The debt retirement (2020 Debt Retirement) fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of government funds.

The capital projects (2020 School Building and Site) fund accounts for expenditures related to the 2020 bond issue.

Other <u>non-major</u> funds:

The *debt retirement funds* account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of government funds.

The *special revenue (Student Activities) fund* accounts for revenue sources that are assigned to expenditures for specific purposes. The District accounts for its student activities in a special revenue fund.

The capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for major improvement projects and is primarily funded from transfers in from the general fund.

During the course of operations the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year-end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term obligations are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, state and federal aid, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue resource (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

F. Budgetary Information

1. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The District's approved budgets were adopted at the function level for the General and Special Revenue Funds. These are the legal enacted levels under the State Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act and the level of budgetary control adopted by the Board (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations).

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting - under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation - is utilized in the governmental funds. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year-end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget pursuant to state regulations.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) Prior to July 1, the business office submits to the School Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on July 1.
- b) A public hearing is conducted during June to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c) Prior to June 30, the budget is legally adopted by the School Board resolution pursuant to the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act. The Act requires that the budget be amended prior to the end of the fiscal year, when necessary, to adjust appropriations if it appears that revenues and other financial sources will be less than anticipated, or so that expenditures will not be in excess of original estimates. Expenditures shall not be made or incurred, unless authorized in the budget, in excess of the amount appropriated.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

- d) The superintendent is charged with general supervision of the budgets and shall hold the department heads responsible for performance of their responsibilities.
- e) For purposes of meeting emergency needs of the school district, transfer of appropriations may be made by the authorization of the superintendent. Such transfers of appropriations must be approved by the Board of Education at its next regularly scheduled meeting.
- f) During the year the budgets are monitored and amendments to the budget resolution are made when it is deemed necessary.
- g) Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted on June 26, 2023, or as amended by the School Board of Education throughout the year.

2. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

General Fund

Supporting Services

- a) Instructional Staff expenditures of \$119,877 exceeded appropriations by \$4,460.
- b) Business expenditures of \$286,784 exceeded appropriations by \$876.
- c) Pupil Transportation Services expenditures of \$1,070,943 exceeded appropriations by \$402,902.
- d) Support Services Central expenditures of \$378,889 exceeded appropriations by \$20,324.
- e) Athletic Activities expenditures of \$219,929 exceeded appropriations by \$6,229.

Facilities Acquisition

a) Building Improvement Services expenditures of \$2,841 exceeded appropriations by \$2,841.

Food Service expenditures of \$845,674 exceeded appropriations by \$65,674.

Student Activities expenditures of \$108,743 exceeded appropriations by \$17,743.

These overages were covered by available fund balance and greater than anticipated revenues.

G. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments. The District considers all highly liquid investments (including certificates of deposit) to be cash equivalents.

2. Investments

In accordance with Michigan Compiled Laws, the District is authorized to invest in the following investment vehicles:

a. Bonds, securities, and other obligations of the United States or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a bank which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or a savings and loan association which is a member of the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation (FSLIC) or a credit union which is insured by the National Credit Union Administration (NCUA), but only if the bank, savings and loan association, or credit union is eligible to be a depository of surplus funds belonging to the State under section 5 or 6 of Act No. 105 of the Public Acts of 1855, as amended, being Section 21.145 and 21.146 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three (3) highest classifications established by not less than two (2) standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. The United States government or federal agency obligations repurchase agreements.
- e. Bankers' acceptances of United States banks.
- f. Mutual funds composed of investment vehicles, which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

Michigan Compiled Laws allow for collateralization of government deposits, if the assets for pledging are acceptable to the State Treasurer under Section 3 of 1855 PA 105, MCL 21.143, to secure deposits of State surplus funds, securities issued by the Federal Loan Mortgage Corporation, Federal National Mortgage Association, or Government National Mortgage Association.

3. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventory is valued at cost using the first-in/first-out method. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, which are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments made to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

The nonspendable fund balance at the governmental fund level is equal to the amount of inventories and prepaid items at year-end to indicate the portion of the governmental fund balances that are nonspendable.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities' column in the District-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Land is not depreciated and construction in progress is not depreciated until the underlying assets are placed in service upon completion of the project. At that time, the asset costs are reclassified out of construction in progress and into the appropriate depreciable category. Right-to-use assets of the District are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the lease period or the estimated useful lives.

Capital assets of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings, Additions and Improvements Furniture, Vehicles and Equipment

20-50 years 5-15 years

5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. One is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide *Statement of Net Position*. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded obligation and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding obligation. The other deferred outflows relate to the pension plan and other postemployment benefits for its employees. Details can be found in footnotes 3.E and 3.F.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are future resources yet to be recognized in relation to the pension and other postemployment benefit actuarial calculation. These future resources arise from differences in the estimates used by the actuary to calculate the pension and other postemployment benefit liability and the actual results. Details can be found in footnotes 3.E and 3.F.

6. Defined Benefit Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and other postemployment benefits asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits, and pension and other postemployment benefits expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

7. Unearned and Unavailable Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, revenue is recognized. The District has unearned revenue related to state and local grants received and unspent due to restrictions on how they can be spent.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Unavailable revenue arises when resources that the government has a legal claim to are received or expected to be received after 60 days from the current fiscal year end. At the modified accrual level, unavailable resources do not meet both the revenue recognition criteria since they are not considered available. There is no unavailable revenue at the end of the fiscal year.

8. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method which approximates the effective interest method over the term of the related obligation.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

9. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

10. Fund Balance Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

11. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The governing board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The governing board has authorized the superintendent or business manager to assign fund balance. The board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

12. Leases

Lessee: The District is a lessee for a noncancelable lease of equipment. The District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset in the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgements related to leases include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate
 charged by the lessor is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate
 as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the District is reasonably certain to exercise.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term obligations on the statement of net position.

13. Use of Estimates

The process of preparing basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenditures. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

14. Restricted Assets

Certain resources of the 2020 School Building and Site Fund which are set aside for capital projects are classified as restricted cash on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

H. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. State Revenue

The State of Michigan utilizes a foundation grant approach which provides for a specific annual amount of revenue per pupil based on a statewide formula. The Foundation is funded from state and local sources. Revenues from state sources are primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The Michigan Department of Education administers the allocation of state funds to school districts based on information supplied by the districts. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the foundation allowance was based on a three-year blended count. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the per pupil foundation allowance was \$9,608 for White Cloud Public Schools.

The state portion of the foundation is provided primarily by a state education property tax millage of 6 mills and an allocated portion of state sales and other taxes. The local portion of the foundation is funded primarily by non-homestead property taxes, which may be levied at a rate of up to 18 mills. The State revenue is recognized during the foundation period and is funded through payments from October 2023 to August 2024. Thus, the unpaid portion at June 30th is reported as due from other governmental units.

The District also receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical education programs. State rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be used for its specific purpose. Certain governmental funds require an accounting to the state of the expenditures incurred. For categorical funds meeting this requirement, funds received, which are not expended by the close of the fiscal year are recorded as unearned revenue. Other categorical funding is recognized when the appropriation is received.

2. Federal Revenue

Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

3. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenue include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, state foundation aid, certain revenue from the intermediate school district and other unrestricted items are not included as program revenue but instead as general revenues.

4. Property Taxes

Property taxes levied by the District are collected by various municipalities and periodically remitted to the District. The taxes are billed as of December 1. The due date is February 14, after which time the bills become delinquent and penalties and interest may be assessed by the collecting entity.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District levied the following amounts per \$1,000 of taxable valuation:

Fund	Mills
General Fund - Non-Principal Residence Exemption (PRE)	18.0000
General Fund - Commercial Personal Property	6.0000
Debt Service Funds - PRE, Non-PRE, Commercial Personal Property	9.5000

5. Compensated Absences

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick pay, vacation time and other benefits. The amount allowable to be compensated for depends on the position and the longevity of the individual employee. A liability is recorded in the statement of net position for such amounts. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Violations of Legal or Contractual Provisions

Note 1.F.2, on the Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations, describes a budgetary violation that occurred for the year ended June 30, 2024.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

As of June 30, 2024, the District had deposits subject to the following risk:

Custodial credit risk – deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2024, \$48,251 of the District's bank balance of \$7,165,853 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. As of June 30, 2024, deposits of \$7,175,405 are reported on the financial statements as cash and restricted cash.

The cash and cash equivalents and investments referred to above have been reported in either the cash and cash equivalents or investments captions on the financial statements, based upon criteria disclosed in Note 1.

The following summarizes the categorization of these amounts as of June 30, 2024:

	 vernmental Activities
Cash Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 7,169,612 5,793
	\$ 7,175,405

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Interest rate risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the District will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the District's cash requirements.

Credit risk. State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to a prime or better rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSOs). Obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality.

Concentration of credit risk. The District will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized. Obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality.

Foreign currency risk. The District is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk; therefore, it is not addressed in the investment policy.

Custodial Credit Risk —Investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District will minimize custodial credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by; limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by law; and prequalifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which the District will do business.

B. Receivables

The Districts receivables as of year-end are as follows:

	General	FOC	od Service	Total
Receivables				
Due from Other Governmental Units	\$ 3,151,063	\$	36,399	\$ 3,187,462

Amounts due from other governments include amounts due from federal, state, and local sources for various projects and programs. As a result, its uncollectible accounts are virtually nil.

Because of the District's favorable collection experience, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been recorded.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

C. Capital and Right to Use Assets

Capital and right to use assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	J	Balance uly 1, 2023	Additions	eletions	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2024
Assets Not Being Depreciated						
Land	\$	177,656	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	177,656
Other Capital and Right to Use Assets:						
Land Improvements		1,729,097	0	0		1,729,097
Buildings and Additions		26,226,224	0	0		26,226,224
Furniture and Equipment		5,714,590	101,108	0		5,815,698
Other Vehicles		165,755	53,199	18,129		200,825
Buses		440,871	0	0		440,871
Right to Use - Buses		331,228	390,716	331,228		390,716
Subtotal		34,607,765	545,023	349,357		34,803,431
Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization for:						
Land Improvements		860,835	60,092	0		920,927
Buildings and Additions		9,388,582	664,248	0		10,052,830
Furniture and Equipment		4,189,901	298,874	0		4,488,775
Other Vehicles		93,466	19,697	18,129		95,034
Buses		360,325	15,164	0		375,489
Right to Use - Buses		331,228	195,358	331,228		195,358
Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization		15,224,337	1,253,433	349,357		16,128,413
Net Other Capital and Right to Use Assets		19,383,428	(708,410)	0		18,675,018
Net Capital and Right to Use Assets	\$	19,561,084	\$ (708,410)	\$ 0	\$	18,852,674

Depreciation and amortization for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, amounted to \$1,253,433. The District determined that it was impractical to allocate depreciation and amortization to the various governmental activities as the assets serve multiple functions.

D. Retirement and Post-Employment Benefits

<u>Plan Description</u> – The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) (System) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the Board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. MPSERS issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that can be obtained at www://michigan.gov/orsschools.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employee's Retirement Act.

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State of Michigan Investments Board serves as the investment fiduciary and custodian of the System.

Benefits Provided-Overall

Participants are enrolled in one of multiple plans based on date of hire and certain voluntary elections. A summary of the plans offered by MPSERS is as follows:

Plan Name	<u>Plan Type</u>	Plan Status
Basic	Defined Benefit	Closed
Member Investment Plan (MIP)	Defined Benefit	Closed
Pension Plus	Hybrid	Closed
Pension Plus 2	Hybrid	Open
Defined Contribution	Defined Contribution	Open

Benefits Provided – Pension

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Retirement benefits for DB plan members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

Prior to pension reform of 2010 there were two plans commonly referred to as Basic and Member Investment Plan (MIP). Basic plan member's contributions range from 0% to 4%. On January 1, 1987, the Member Investment Plan (MIP) was enacted. MIP members enrolled prior to January 1, 1990, contribute at a permanently fixed rate of 3.9% of gross wages. Members first hired January 1, 1990 or later, including Pension Plus plan members, contribute at various graduated permanently fixed contribution rates from 3.0% to 7.0%.

Pension Reform 2010

On May 19, 2010, the Governor signed Public Act 75 of 2010 into law. As a result, any member of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) who became a member of MPSERS after June 30, 2010, is a Pension Plus member. Pension Plus is a hybrid plan that contains a pension component with an employee contribution (graded, up to 6.4% of salary) and a flexible and transferable defined contribution (DC) tax-deferred investment account that earns an employer match of 50% (up to 1% of salary) on employee contributions. Retirement benefits for Pension Plus members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. Disability and survivor benefits are available to Pension Plus members.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Pension Reform 2012

On September 4, 2012, the Governor signed Public Act 300 of 2012 into law. The legislation grants all active members who first became a member before July 1, 2010 and who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012, or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their pension. Any changes to a member's pension are effective as of the member's *transition date*, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under the reform, members voluntarily chose to increase, maintain, or stop their contributions to the pension fund.

An amount determined by the member's election of Option 1, 2, 3, or 4 described below.

<u>Option 1</u> – Members voluntarily elected to increase their contributions to the pension fund as noted below and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until terminate public school employment.

- Basic plan members: 4% contribution
- Member Investment Plan (MIP)-Fixed, MIP-Graded, and MIP-Plus members: a flat 7% contribution

Option 2 – Members voluntarily elected to increase their contribution to the pension fund as stated in Option 1 and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until they reach 30 years of service. If and when they reach 30 years of service, their contribution rates will return to the previous level in place as of the day before their transition date (0% for Basic plan members, 3.9% for MIP-Fixed, up to 4.3% for MIP-Graded, or up to 6.4% for MIP-Plus). The pension formula for any service their after would include a 1.25% pension factor.

<u>Option 3</u> – Members voluntarily elected not to increase their contribution to the pension fund and maintain their current level of contribution to the pension fund. The pension formula for their years of service as of the day before their transition date will include a 1.5% pension factor. The pension formula for any service thereafter will include a 1.25% pension factor.

Option 4 – Members voluntarily elected to no longer contribute to the pension fund and therefore are switched to the Defined Contribution plan for future service as of their transition date. As a DC participant they receive a 4% employer contribution to the tax-deferred 401(k) account and can choose to contribute up to the maximum amounts permitted by the IRS to a 457 account. They vest in employer contributions and related earnings in their 401(k) account based on the following schedule: 50% at 2 years, 75% at 3 years, and 100% at 4 years of service. They are 100% vested in any personal contributions and related earnings in their 457 accounts. Upon retirement, if they meet age and service requirements (including their total years of service), they would also receive a pension (calculated based on years of service and final average compensation as of the day before their transition date and a 1.5% pension factor).

Members who did not make an election before the deadline defaulted to Option 3 as described above. Deferred or nonvested public school employees on September 3, 2012, who return to public school employment on or after September 4, 2012, will be considered as if they had elected Option 3 above. Returning members who made the retirement plan election will retain whichever option they chose.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Employees who first work on or after September 4, 2012, choose between two retirement plans: the Pension Plus Plan and a Defined Contribution Plan that provides a 50% employer match up to 3% of salary on employee contributions.

<u>Final Average Compensation (FAC)</u> – Average of highest 60 consecutive months for Basic Plan members and Pension Plus members (36 months for MIP members). FAC is calculated as of the last day worked unless the member elected option 4, in which case the FAC is calculated at the transition date.

Pension Reform of 2017

On July 13, 2017, the Governor signed Public Act 92 of 2017 into law. The legislation closes the current hybrid plan (Pension Plus) to newly hired employees as of February 1, 2018 and creates a new optional revised hybrid plan with similar plan benefit calculations but containing a 50/50 cost share between the employee and the employer, including the cost of future unfunded liabilities. The assumed rate of return on the new hybrid plan is 6%. Further, the law provides that, under certain conditions, the new hybrid plan would close to new employees if the actuarial funded ratio falls below 85% for two consecutive years. The law includes other provisions to the retirement eligibility age, plan assumptions, and unfunded liability payment methods.

Benefits Provided – Other postemployment benefit (OPEB)

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree healthcare recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP-Graded plan members), the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008, (MIP-Plus plan members), have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date.

Retiree Healthcare Reform of 2012

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012, or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's *transition date*, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions will be deposited into their 401(k) accounts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Regular Retirement (no reduction factor for age)

<u>Eligibility</u> – A basic plan member may retire at age 55 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service. For Member Investment Plan (MIP) members, age 46 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service; or age 60 with 5 years of credited service provided member worked through their 60th birthday and has credited service in each of the last 5 years. For Pension Plus Plan (PPP) members, age 60 with 10 years of credited service.

<u>Annual Amount</u> – The annual pension is paid monthly for the lifetime of a retiree. The calculation of a member's pension is determined by their pension election under PA 300 of 2012.

Member Contributions

Depending on the plan selected, member contributions range from 0% to 7% for pension and 0% to 3% for other postemployment benefits. Plan members electing the defined contribution plan are not required to make additional contributions.

Employer Contributions

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of members and retiree other postemployment benefits (OPEB). Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis.

Pension and OPEB contributions made in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2023, were determined as of the September 30, 2020 actuarial valuations. The pension and OPEB benefits, the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liabilities as of September 30, 2020, are amortized over a 16-year period beginning October 1, 2022 and ending September 30, 2038.

School districts' contributions are determined based on employee elections. There are several different benefit options included in the plan available to employees based on date of hire. Contribution rates are adjusted annually by the ORS. The range of rates is as follows:

		Other
		Postemployment
	Pension	Benefit
October 1, 2023 - September 30, 2024	13.90% - 23.03%	7.06% - 8.31%
October 1, 2022 - September 30, 2023	13.75% - 20.16%	7.21% - 8.07%

The District's pension contributions for the year ended June 30, 2024, were equal to the required contribution total. Pension contributions were approximately \$2,144,000 of the total pension contributions approximately \$2,105,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$39,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Contribution Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

The District's OPEB contributions for the year ended June 30, 2024, were equal to the required contribution total. OPEB benefits were approximately \$469,000. Of the total OPEB contributions, approximately \$430,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$38,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Contribution Fund.

These amounts, for both pension and OPEB, include contributions funded from State Revenue Section 147c restricted to fund MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) Stabilization Rate (100% for pension and 0% for OPEB).

E. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Pension Liabilities

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$16,291,382 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2022, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2023 and 2022, the District's proportion was 0.05033476% and 0.05086638%.

MPSERS (Plan) Non-University Employers Net Pension Liability

	Se	ptember 30, 2023	September 30, 2022		
Total Pension Liability	\$	94,947,828,557	\$	95,876,795,620	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(62,581,762,238)		(58,268,076,344)	
Net Pension Liability	\$	32,366,066,319	\$	37,608,719,276	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		65.91%		60.77%	
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		320.51%		386.25%	

Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized total pension expense of \$1,809,419.

At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	514,269	\$	24,956		
Section 147c revenue related to District Pension		0		1 001 002		
contributions subsequent to measurement date		0		1,001,883		
Changes of assumptions		2,207,556		1,272,827		
Net difference between projected and actual						
earnings on pension plan investments		0		333,374		
Changes in proportion and differences						
between District contributions and						
proportionate share of contributions		8,031		519,569		
District contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		2,015,311		0		
Total	\$	4,745,167	\$	3,152,609		

\$2,015,311 reported as deferred outflows of resources and \$1,001,883 reported as deferred inflows or resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources (+) and deferred inflows of resources (-) related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30,	Amount		
2024	\$	143,370	
2025		66,593	
2026		623,766	
2027		(254,599)	
	\$	579,130	

F. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

OPEB Liabilities

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability (asset) of (\$286,251) for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of September 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2022, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2023 and 2022, the District's proportion was 0.045060136% and 0.04875894%.

MPSERS (Plan) Non-University Employers Net OPEB Liability

	September 30, 2023			September 30, 2022		
Total OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	11,223,648,949 (11,789,347,341)	\$	12,522,713,324 (10,404,650,683)		
OPEB Liability	\$	(565,698,392)	\$	2,118,062,641		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total OPEB Liability		105.04%		83.09%		
OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		-5.60%		21.75%		

OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized total OPEB benefit of \$549,774.

At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 0	\$	2,163,060		
Changes of assumptions	637,245		76,736		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	873		0		
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	86,639		192,916		
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	390,246		0		
Total	\$ 1,115,003	\$	2,432,712		

\$390,246 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability or an increase of the net OPEB asset in the subsequent fiscal year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources (+) and deferred inflows of resources (-) related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30,	Amount		
2024	\$	(548,121)	
2025		(530,026)	
2026		(224,067)	
2027		(203,089)	
2028		(136,431)	
Thereafter		(66,221)	
	\$	(1,707,955)	

G. Actuarial Assumptions

Investment rate of return for Pension – 6.00% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses for the MIP, Basic, and Pension Plus groups.

Investment rate of return for OPEB – 6.00% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses.

Salary increases - The rate of pay increase used for individual members is 2.75% - 11.55%, including inflation at 2.75%.

Inflation – 3.0%.

Mortality assumptions -

Retirees: PubT-2010 Male and Female Retiree Mortality Tables scaled by 116% for males and 116% for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2021 from 2010.

Active: PubT-2010 Male and Female Employee Mortality Tables scaled 100% and MP-202 and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2021 from 2010.

Disabled Retirees: PubNS-2010 Male and Female Disabled Employee Mortality Tables scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2021 from 2010.

Experience study - The annual actuarial valuation report of the System used for these statements is dated September 30, 2022. Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the periods 2017 through 2022 have been adopted by the System for use in the determination of the total pension and OPEB liability beginning with the September 30, 2023 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension and other postemployment benefit plan investments - The pension rate was 6.00% (MIP, Basic, Pension Plus Plan, and Pension Plus 2 Plan), and the other postemployment benefit rate was 6.00%, net of investment and administrative expenses was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Cost of Living Pension Adjustments – 3.0% annual non-compounded for MIP members.

Healthcare cost trend rate for other postemployment benefit – Pre 65, 7.50% for year one and graded to 3.5% in year fifteen. Post 65, 6.25% for year one and graded to 3.5% in year fifteen.

Additional assumptions for other postemployment benefit only – Applies to individuals hired before September 4, 2012:

Opt Out Assumption – 21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008, and 30% of those hired after June 30, 2008, are assumed to opt out of the retiree health plan.

Survivor Coverage – 80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees electing two-person coverage are assumed to have coverage continuing after the retiree's death.

Coverage Election at Retirement – 75% of male and 60% of female future retirees who elected coverage are assumed to elect coverage for 1 or more dependents.

The target asset allocation at September 30, 2023 and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Leavest are and College	Townsh Allocation	Long-Term Expected
Investment Category	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity Pools	25.00%	5.80%
Alternative Investment Pools	16.00%	9.60%
International Equity	15.00%	6.80%
Fixed Income Pools	13.00%	1.30%
Real Estate & Infrastructure Pools	10.00%	6.40%
Absolute Return Pools	9.00%	4.80%
Real Return/Opportunistic Pools	10.00%	7.30%
Short-Term Investment Pools	2.00%	0.30%
	100%	

^{*}Long-term rate of return is net of administrative expenses and 2.7% inflation.

Rate of return

For fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, was 8.29% and 7.94% respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Pension Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the total pension liability. This discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from school districts will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

OPEB Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the total OPEB liability/asset. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that school districts contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability/asset.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using a single discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

Pension						
1% Decrease			Discount Rate	1% Increase		
\$	22,009,609	\$	16,291,382	\$	11,530,751	

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

ОРЕВ							
1% Decrease			Discount Rate	1% Increase			
\$	296,756	\$	(286,251)	\$	(787,289)		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefit liability (asset) calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefit liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

			ОРЕВ			
Healthcare Cost						
1% Decrease			Trend Rates	1% Increase		
\$	(788,538)	\$	(286,251)	\$	257,388	

H. Pension and OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension and OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

I. Payables to the Pension and OPEB Plan

As of June 30, 2024, the District is current on all required pension and OPEB plan payments. As of June 30, 2024, the District reported payables in the amount of \$336,596 to the pension and OPEB plan. These amounts represent current payments for June wages paid in July, accruals for summer pay primarily for teachers and also the contributions due funded from state revenue Section 147c restricted to fund the MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL).

J. Risk Management

White Cloud Public Schools is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, employee injuries (workers' compensation) as well as medical benefits provided to employees.

The District participates in a distinct pool of education institutions within the State of Michigan for various risks of loss, including general liability, property and casualty, employee health and accident insurance, and workers' disability compensation. The pool is considered a public entity risk pool. The District pays annual premiums to each pool for the respective insurance coverage. In the event a pool's total claims and expenses for a policy year exceed the total normal annual premiums for said years, all members of the specific pool's policy year may be subject to special assessment to make up the deficiency. The District has not been informed of any special assessments being required.

K. Long-Term Obligations

The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition, construction and improvement of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

The following is a summary of the governmental long-term obligations transactions for the District for the year ended June 30, 2024:

		ES FROM DIRECT						
		ROWINGS						
	&	DIRECT		OBLIGATION	RETIREMENT			
	PLA	CEMENTS		BONDS		CONTRACTS		TOTAL
Balance at July 1, 2023	\$	548,130	\$	16,880,000	\$	530,607	\$	17,958,737
Additions		390,716		0		42,336		433,052
Deletions		(198,406)		(1,690,000)		(111,258)		(1,999,664)
Balance at June 30, 2024		740,440		15,190,000		461,685		16,392,125
Less Current Portion		192,310		1,785,000		27,124		2,004,434
Net Long-Term Obligations	\$	548,130	\$	13,405,000	\$	434,561	\$	14,387,691

At June 30, 2024, the District's debt obligations consisted of the following issues:

Notes from Direct Borrowings & Direct Placements

School Loan Revolving Fund Loan beginning April 26, 2002. This is a loan from the State of Michigan pursuant to P.A. 108 of 1961. The District's debt retirement millage is limited to 9.50 mills. As long as the tax revenue from this millage is insufficient to make current debt service payments on the District's bonds, additional loans can be obtained in amounts sufficient to make bond and interest payments. No payments are due on the School Loan Revolving Fund loan or accrued interest until such time as tax revenues exceed bond debt service requirements. Interest rates on these loans are variable, the rate at June 30, 2024, was 4.55842%, and the accrued interest was \$ \$64,149, which is not included in the total. 548,130 Buses - Right to Use Lease - Due in annual installments of \$192,310 through July 2024; Interest at 3.25%. 192,310 **General Obligation Bonds** \$7,620,000 2015 Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$500,000 through May 1, 2031; Interest at 4.000%. 3,500,000 \$6,310,000 2016 School Building and Site Bonds due in annual installments of \$450,000 through May 1, 2031; Interest at 4.000% 3,150,000 \$8,365,000 2020 Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$235,000 to \$1,610,000 through May 1, 2031; Interest at 2.334% to 2.740% 7,940,000 \$2,470,000 2020 School Building and Site Bonds due in annual installments of \$600,000 through May 1, 2025; Interest at 4.000% 600,000 Accumulated Unpaid Compensated Absences and Retirement Contracts 461,685 **Net Pension Liability** 16,291,382 32,683,507

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

The District's outstanding notes from direct borrowings and direct placements related to governmental activities of \$740,440 contains provisions that in the event of default, either by (1) unable to make principal or interest payments (2) false or misrepresentations is made to the lender (3) become insolvent or make an assignment for the benefit of its creditors (4) if the lender at any time in good faith believes that the prospect of payment of any indebtedness is impaired. Upon the occurrence of any default event, the outstanding amounts, including accrued interest become immediately due and payable.

The annual requirements to amortize all long-term obligations outstanding except compensated absences, net pension liability, and the School Loan Revolving Fund loan as of June 30, 2024, are as follows:

	Notes fro	m [Direct								
YEAR ENDING	Borrowings	and	d Direct	Bonds F	aya	ble	R	etiremen	t Paya	ble	
JUNE 30,	PRINCIPAL	IN	TEREST	PRINCIPAL	П	NTEREST	PF	RINCIPAL	INTE	REST	TOTAL
2025	\$ 192,310	\$	6,096	\$ 1,785,000	\$	494,569	\$	27,124	\$	0	\$ 2,505,099
2026	0		0	1,925,000		427,084		13,268		0	2,365,352
2027	0		0	2,045,000		365,352		13,267		0	2,423,619
2028	0		0	2,165,000		300,087		13,267		0	2,478,354
2029	0		0	2,290,000		231,226		0		0	2,521,226
2030-2032	0		0	4,980,000		241,036		0		0	5,221,036
	\$ 192,310	\$	6,096	\$ 15,190,000	\$	2,059,354	\$	66,926	\$	0	17,514,686
					Net	t Pension Li	abil	ity			16,291,382
					Cor	mpensated	Abs	ences			394,759
					Sch	iool Loan R	evo	ving Fund	d Loan		548,130
											\$ 34,748,957

Interest expense for the year ended June 30, 2024, was approximately \$446,340.

The annual requirements to amortize the accumulated compensated absences, net pension liability, and the School Loan Revolving Fund loan are not included above because it is unknown when they will actually be paid.

Compensated absences, retirement contracts, and net pension liability will be paid by the fund in which the employee worked, including the general fund and other governmental funds. Accrued interest on School Loan Revolving Fund of \$64,149 is treated as a long-term liability because it is not known when it will actually be paid.

L. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund Receivables and Payables as shown in the individual fund financial statements at June 30, 2024, were:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	<u> </u>	Amount
Food Service Fund	General Fund	\$	407,889
General Fund	Student Activities Fund		17,702
General Fund	2020 School Building and Site Fund		5,793
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund		1,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	2015 Refunding Debt Retirement Fund	1,160
General Fund	2016 Debt Retirement Fund	784
General Fund	2020 Debt Retirement Fund	752
General Fund	2020 Refunding Debt Fund	544
2020 Refunding Debt Fund	General Fund	10,847
		\$ 446,471

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. All interfund balances outstanding at June 30, 2024, are expected to be repaid within one year.

M. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are as shown in the individual fund financial statements at June 30, 2024, were:

Fund Transferred To	Funds Transferred From	A	mount
General Fund	Food Service Fund	\$	49,993
2020 Debt Retirement Fund	2020 Refunding Debt Retirement Fund		46,000
2020 Refunding Debt Retirement Fund	2015 Refunding Debt Retirement Fund		77,000
2020 School Building and Site Fund	General Fund		18,942
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund		1,000

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to the fund that is required or allowed to expend them; (2) move receipts restricted to or allowed for debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due; and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

N. GASB Statement No. 96 - Subscription-based Information Technology

It has been determined that the District has subscription-based information technology arrangements as defined by GASB Statement No. 96. However, the total of these subscription-based information technology arrangements has been determined they are not significant enough to warrant disclosure.

O. Other Information

1. Commitments and Contingencies

Under the terms of various federal and state grants and regulatory requirements, periodic audits are required, and certain cost may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants and requirements. Such audits could lead to reimbursement of the grantor or regulatory agencies. However, management does not believe such disallowances, if any, would be material to the financial position of the District.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

2. Single Audit

Current federal guidelines require entities with federal expenditures exceeding \$750,000 to have a "single audit" of federally funded programs. This audit is being performed and the reports based thereon will be issued under a separate cover.

3. Building and Site Fund

The 2020 School Building and Site Fund includes capital project activities funded with bonds. For these capital projects, the District has complied with the applicable provisions of §1351a of the Revised School Code.

Beginning with the year of bond issuance, the school district has reported the annual construction activity in the 2020 School Building and Site Fund. The project for which the 2020 bonds were issued was considered complete on June 30, 2023; however, a small residual balance was paid in the 2023-2024 fiscal year, bringing the cumulative expenditures recognized for the construction period to \$2,721,455.

P. Statement No. 77 – Tax Abatement Disclosures

The District received reduced property tax revenue as a result of Industrial Facilities Tax (IFT) exemptions granted by governmental entities within the District. The City of White Cloud and Everett Township are the only governmental entities within the District with IFT abatements. Industrial facility exemptions are intended to promote construction of new industrial facilities, acquisition of personal property or to rehabilitate historical facilities.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, (tax year 2023) the District's property tax revenues were reduced by approximately \$104,077 under this program.

The District is considered to be an "in-formula" district. The taxes abated for the General Fund operating millage are considered by the State of Michigan when determining the District's section 22 funding of the State School Aid Act. The District received approximately \$82,347 from the State of Michigan's determination.

NOTE 4 – NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARD

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences. This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. This Statement also establishes guidance for measuring a liability for leave that has not been used, generally using an employee's pay rate as of the date of the financial statements. The District is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2024-2025 fiscal year.

In December 2023, the GASB issued Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*. This Statement requires a government to assess whether a concentration or constraint makes the government vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact. Additionally, this Statement requires a government to assess whether an event or events associated with a concentration or constraint that could cause the substantial impact have occurred, have begun to occur, or are more likely than not to begin to occur within 12 months of the date the financial statements are issued. If a government determines that those criteria for disclosure have been met for a concentration or constraint, it should disclose information in notes to financial statements in sufficient detail to enable users of financial statements to understand the nature of circumstances disclosed

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

and the government's vulnerability to the risk of substantial impact. The District is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2024-2025 fiscal year.

In April 2024, the GASB issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*. This Statement establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements—or modifies existing requirements—related to the following:

- a. Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A);
 - i. Requires that the information presented in MD&A be limited to the related topics discussed in five specific sections:
 - 1) Overview of the Financial Statements,
 - 2) Financial Summary,
 - 3) Detailed Analyses,
 - 4) Significant Capital Asset and Long-Term Financing Activity,
 - 5) Currently Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions;
 - ii. Stresses detailed analyses should explain why balances and results of operations changed rather than simply presenting the amounts or percentages by which they changed;
 - iii. Removes the requirement for discussion of significant variations between original and final budget amounts and between final budget amounts and actual results;
- b. Unusual or infrequent items;
- c. Presentation of the proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position;
 - i. Requires that the proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position continue to distinguish between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses and clarifies the definition of operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses;
 - ii. Requires that a subtotal for *operating income (loss) and noncapital subsidies* be presented before reporting other nonoperating revenues and expenses and defines subsidies;
- d. Information about major component units in basic financial statements should be presented separately in the statement of net position and statement of activities unless it reduces the readability of the statements in which case combining statements of should be presented after the fund financial statements;
- e. Budgetary comparison information should include variances between original and final budget amounts and variances between final budget and actual amounts with explanations of significant variances required to be presented in the notes to RSI.

The District is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2025-2026 fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		GENER	GENERAL FUND			FOOD SEF	FOOD SERVICE FUND	
	ORIGINAL	FINAL		VARIANCE WITH	ORIGINAL	FINAL		VARIANCE WITH
	BUDGET	BUDGET	ACTUAL	FINAL BUDGET	BUDGET	BUDGET	ACTUAL	FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES								
Local Sources	\$ 2,242,127	\$ 2,389,284	\$ 2,323,930	\$ (65,354)	\$ 35,250	\$ 62,000	\$ 37,459	\$ (24,541)
State Sources	8,604,812	9,529,035	9,589,012	59,977	28,000	43,000	38,433	(4,567)
Federal Sources	770,788	2,101,787	1,742,278	(329,509)	759,000	735,000	919,661	184,661
Other Transactions	120,196	219,840	233,045	13,205	0	0	0	0
Total Revenues	11,737,923	14,239,946	13,888,265	(351,681)	822,250	840,000	995,553	155,553
EXPENDITURES								
Instruction								
Basic Programs	5,109,532	4,781,893	4,781,084	(808)	0	0	0	0
Added Needs	2,355,700	2,423,728	2,395,163	(28,565)	0	0	0	0
Supporting Services								
Pupil	484,034	725,472	636,178	(89,294)	0	0	0	0
Instructional Staff	13,040	115,417	119,877	4,460	0	0	0	0
General Administration	387,039	406,283	394,353	(11,930)	0	0	0	0
School Administration	686,784	518,035	517,542	(493)	0	0	0	0
Business	273,438	285,908	286,784	876	0	0	0	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,228,026	1,352,637	1,321,161	(31,476)	0	0	0	0
Pupil Transportation Services	690,593	668,041	1,070,943	402,902	0	0	0	0
Support Services Central	323,191	358,565	378,889	20,324	0	0	0	0
Athletic Activities	309,553	213,700	219,929	6,229	0	0	0	0
Food Service	0	0	0	0	759,032	780,000	845,674	65,674
Community Services								
Community Activities	5,122	4,825	4,338	(487)	0	0	0	0
Welfare Activities	728	728	478	(250)	0	0	0	0
Facilities Acquisition								
Building Improvement Services	0	0	2,841	2,841	0	0	0	0
Debt Service								
Principal	185,000	198,406	198,406	0	0	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	12,051,780	12,053,638	12,327,966	274,328	759,032	780,000	845,674	65,674

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		GENERA	GENERAL FUND			FOOD SE	FOOD SERVICE FUND	
	ORIGINAL	FINAL		VARIANCE WITH	ORIGINAL	FINAL		VARIANCE WITH
	BUDGET	BUDGET	ACTUAL	FINAL BUDGET	BUDGET	BUDGET	ACTUAL	FINAL BUDGET
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(313,857)	2,186,308	1,560,299	(626,009)	63,218	000'09	149,879	89,879
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements	0	0	390,716	390,716	0	0	0	0
Transfers In (Out)	38,000	38,000	30,051	(7,949)	(38,000)	(38,000)	(49,993)	(11,993)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	38,000	38,000	420,767	382,767	0	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(275,857)	2,224,308	1,981,066	(243,242)	25,218	22,000	988'66	77,886
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year	4,615,492	4,537,278	4,537,278	0	372,261	405,284	405,284	0
<u>FUND BALANCE</u> - End of Year	\$ 4,339,635	,339,635 \$ 6,761,586 \$ 6,518,344 \$	\$ 6,518,344	\$ (243,242)	(243,242) \$ 397,479 \$ 427,284 \$505,170 \$	\$ 427,284	\$505,170	\$ 77,886

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINED AS OF 9/30 OF EACH PLAN YEAR)

JUNE 30, 2024

l	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of net pension liability (%)	0.05033%	0.05087%	0.05266%	0.05348%	0.05325%	0.05370%	0.05540%	0.05357%	0.05011%	0.05203%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 16,291,382 \$ 19,130,194	\$ 19,130,194	\$ 12,467,285	\$ 18,370,007	\$ 17,634,043	\$ 16,141,951	\$ 14,356,153	\$ 13,365,953	\$ 12,467,285 \$ 18,370,007 \$ 17,634,043 \$ 16,141,951 \$ 14,356,153 \$ 13,365,953 \$ 12,240,382 \$ 11,461,180	11,461,180
District's covered payroll	5,066,665	4,753,457	4,703,350	4,706,510	4,681,618	4,443,142	4,629,790	4,637,657	4,147,750	4,412,038
District's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	321.54%	402.45%	265.07%	390.31%	376.67%	363.30%	310.08%	288.20%	295.11%	259.77%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	65.91%	%22.09	72.60%	59.72%	60.31%	62.36%	64.21%	63.27%	63.17%	66.20%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINED AS OF 6/30 OF EACH FISCAL YEAR) JUNE 30, 2024

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 2,104,526	\$ 1,844,230	\$ 1,719,830 \$	1,600,080	\$ 1,480,025	\$ 1,402,780 \$	1,349,836 \$	1,296,202	\$ 2,104,526 \$ 1,844,230 \$ 1,719,830 \$ 1,600,080 \$ 1,480,025 \$ 1,402,780 \$ 1,349,836 \$ 1,296,202 \$ 1,183,046 \$	980,571
Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions *	2,104,526	1,844,230	1,719,830	1,600,080	1,480,025	1,402,780	1,349,836	1,296,202	1,183,046	980,571
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0 \$	\$ 0 \$	\$ 0 \$	\$ 0 \$	\$ 0 \$	\$ 0 \$	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0 \$	0
Covered payroll	\$ 5,327,723 \$ 5,	\$ 5,164,888	\$ 4,656,784 \$	\$ 4,725,148	\$ 4,759,886	\$ 4,603,564 \$	4,342,621 \$	4,628,926	.164,888 \$ 4,656,784 \$ 4,725,148 \$ 4,759,886 \$ 4,603,564 \$ 4,342,621 \$ 4,628,926 \$ 4,340,947 \$ 4,196,793	4,196,793
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	39.50%	35.71%	36.93%	33.86%	31.09%	30.47%	31.08%	28.00%	27.25%	23.36%

^{*} Contributions in relation to statutorily contributions are the contributions a reporting unit actually made to the System, as distinct from the statutorily required contributions.

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT LIABILITY (ASSET) MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINED AS OF 9/30 OF EACH PLAN YEAR)

JUNE 30, 2024

'	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
District's proportion of net OPEB liability (asset) (%)				0.05060%	0.04876%	0.05189%	0.05313%	0.05359%	0.05214%	0.05524%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability (asset)			₩	(286,251) \$	1,032,745	\$ 792,045 \$	(286,251) \$ 1,032,745 \$ 792,045 \$ 2,846,352 \$	3,846,541 \$	4,144,523 \$	4,891,908
District's covered payroll				5,066,665	4,753,457	4,703,350	4,706,510	4,681,618	4,443,142	4,629,790
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll				-5.65%	21.73%	16.84%	60.48%	82.16%	93.28%	105.66%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability (asset)				105.04%	83.09%	87.33%	59.44%	48.46%	42.95%	36.39%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT CONTRIBUTIONS MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINED AS OF 6/30 OF EACH FISCAL YEAR)

JUNE 30, 2024

Statutorily required contributions	2027	2026	2025	2024	2024 2023 2022 430.181 \$ 391.338 \$ 356.594 \$	\$ 8	2022 356.594 \$	2021	2020	2021 2020 2019 2018 377.164 \$ 368.234 \$ 352.661 \$ 311.465	311.465
Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions *				430,181	391,338		356,594	377,164	368,234	352,661	311,465
Contribution deficiency (excess)				\$ 0 \$		\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	0
Covered payroll				\$ 5,327,723	\$ 5,164,88	8 \$ 4,	,656,784 \$	4,725,148 \$	\$ 9886 \$	5,327,723 \$ 5,164,888 \$ 4,656,784 \$ 4,725,148 \$ 4,759,886 \$ 4,603,564 \$ 4,342,621	4,342,621
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll				8.07%	7.58%	%	7.66%	7.98%	7.74%	7.66%	7.17%

^{*} Contributions in relation to statutorily contributions are the contributions a reporting unit actually made to the System, as distinct from the statutorily required contributions.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Pension Information

Changes of Benefit Terms - There were no changes of benefit terms for the plan year ended September 30, 2023.

Changes of Assumptions – The assumption changes for the plan year ended September 30, 2023 were:

Mortality assumptions were updated to the Pub-2010 Male and Female Retiree Mortality Tables from the RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant table.

OPEB Information

Changes of Benefit Terms - There were no changes of benefit terms for the plan year ended September 30, 2023.

Changes of Assumptions – The assumption changes for the plan year ended September 30, 2023 were:

Healthcare cost trend rate

- Pre 65 decreased to 7.50% for year one graded to 3.50% for year fifteen from 7.75% for year one graded to 3.50% for year fifteen.
- o Post 65 increased to 6.25% for year one and graded to 3.5% for year fifteen from 5.25% for year one and graded to 3.5% for year fifteen.

Mortality assumptions were updated to the Pub-2010 Male and Female Retiree Mortality Tables from the RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant table.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

								TOTAL
	S	TUDENT		DEBT			1	NONMAJOR
	Α	CTIVITIES	RI	ETIREMENT		CAPITAL	GO	VERNMENTAL
		FUND		FUNDS	PR	OJECTS FUND		FUNDS
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Cash	\$	120,470	\$	507,975	\$	0	\$	628,445
Due from Other Funds		0		10,847		1,000		11,847
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	120,470	\$	518,822	\$	1,000	\$	640,292
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Due to Other Funds	\$	17,702	\$	2,488	\$	0	\$	20,190
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted for Debt Service		0		516,334		0		516,334
Committed for Capital Projects		0		0		1,000		1,000
Assigned for Student Activities		102,768		0		0		102,768
Total Fund Balances		102,768		516,334		1,000		620,102
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	120,470	\$	518,822	\$	1,000	\$	640,292

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

								TOTAL
	S.	TUDENT		DEBT			N	ONMAJOR
	A	CTIVITIES	RE	TIREMENT	CAPITA	L	GO\	/ERNMENTAL
		FUND		FUNDS	PROJECTS	FUND		FUNDS
REVENUES								
Local Sources	\$	113,767	\$	1,843,046	\$	0	\$	1,956,813
EXPENDITURES								
Student Activities		108,743		0		0		108,743
Debt Service								
Principal		0		1,135,000		0		1,135,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges		0		512,635		0		512,635
Other Transactions		0		3,788		0		3,788
Total Expenditures		108,743		1,651,423		0		1,760,166
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		5,024		191,623		0		196,647
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In (Out)		0		(46,000)	1	.,000		(45,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance		5,024		145,623	1	,000		151,647
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year		97,744		370,711		0		468,455
FUND BALANCE - End of Year	\$	102,768	\$	516,334	\$ 1	.,000	\$	620,102

DEBT RETIREMENT FUNDS COMBINED BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

JUNE 30, 2024

		2015				2020		
	RE	FUNDING		2016	F	REFUNDING		
		DEBT		DEBT		DEBT		TOTAL
	RE	TIREMENT	R	ETIREMENT	R	ETIREMENT	Ν	ONMAJOR
		FUND		FUND		FUND		FUND
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	298,251	\$	141,888	\$	67,836	\$	507,975
Due from Other Funds		0		0		10,847		10,847
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	298,251	\$	141,888	\$	78,683	\$	518,822
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE								
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Due to Other Funds	\$	1,160	\$	784	\$	544	\$	2,488
FUND BALANCE								
Restricted for Debt Retirement		297,091		141,104		78,139		516,334
		<u> </u>						
TOTAL LIABILITIES								
AND FUND BALANCE	\$	298,251	\$	141,888	\$	78,683	\$	518,822

DEBT RETIREMENT FUNDS COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	2015 REFUNDING DEBT RETIREMENT FUND		RE ⁻	DEBT		2020 REFUNDING DEBT RETIREMENT FUND		TOTAL ONMAJOR FUND
REVENUES								
Local Sources	\$	854,889	\$	575,275	\$	412,882	\$	1,843,046
EXPENDITURES								
Debt Service								
Redemption of Principal		500,000		450,000		185,000		1,135,000
Interest		160,000		144,000		208,635		512,635
Other Transactions		2,160		784		844		3,788
Total Expenditures		662,160		594,784		394,479		1,651,423
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		192,729		(19,509)		18,403		191,623
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In (Out)		(77,000)		0		31,000		(46,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(77,000)		0		31,000		(46,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance		115,729		(19,509)		49,403		145,623
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year		181,362		160,613		28,736		370,711
FUND BALANCE - End of Year	\$	297,091	\$	141,104	\$	78,139	\$	516,334

2015 REFUNDING BONDS JUNE 30, 2024

TITLE OF ISSUE 2015 Refunding Bonds

<u>PURPOSE</u> To refund a portion of two prior bond issues of the School District and

the costs of issuing the bonds.

DATE OF ISSUE March 19, 2015

<u>INTEREST PAYABLE</u> May 1, and November 1, of each year

<u>AMOUNT OF ISSUE</u> \$ 7,620,000

AMOUNT REDEEMED

 Current Year
 \$ 500,000

 Prior Years
 3,620,000
 4,120,000

<u>BALANCE OUTSTANDING</u> - June 30, 2024 \$ 3,500,000

		INTEREST			REQU	JIREMENTS		
DUE DATES		RATES	F	PRINCIPAL	11	NTEREST	TOTAL	
November 1	2024				\$	70,000	\$	70,000
May 1	2025	4.000%	\$	500,000		70,000		570,000
November 1	2025					60,000		60,000
May 1	2026	4.000%		500,000		60,000		560,000
November 1	2026					50,000		50,000
May 1	2027	4.000%		500,000		50,000		550,000
November 1	2027					40,000		40,000
May 1	2028	4.000%		500,000		40,000		540,000
November 1	2028					30,000		30,000
May 1	2029	4.000%		500,000		30,000		530,000
November 1	2029					20,000		20,000
May 1	2030	4.000%		500,000		20,000		520,000
November 1	2030					10,000		10,000
May 1	2031	4.000%		500,000		10,000		510,000
			\$	3,500,000	\$	560,000	\$	4,060,000

DENOMINATION

\$5,000 each, or any integral multiple thereof not exceeding the aggregate principal amount for each maturity.

REDEMPTION PRIOR TO MATURITY

Bonds, or portions of bonds maturing on or after May 1, 2026, are subject to redemption at the option of the issuer in multiples of \$5,000 in such order as the issuer may determine, by lot within any maturity, on any interest payment date occurring on or after May 1, 2025, at par and accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption.

2016 BUILDING AND SITE BONDS, SERIES I JUNE 30, 2024

TITLE OF ISSUE 2016 Building and Site Bonds, Series I

<u>PURPOSE</u> Remodeling, installing security measures for, equipping and re-equipping and

furnishing and refurnishing school buildings; acquiring and installing instructional technology and instructional technology equipment for school buildings; and developing and improving parking areas, an athletic track and facility and sites

<u>DATE OF ISSUE</u> August 2, 2016

<u>INTEREST PAYABLE</u> May 1, and November 1, of each year

<u>AMOUNT OF ISSUE</u> \$ 6,310,000

AMOUNT REDEEMED

Current Year \$ 450,000

Prior Years 2,710,000 3,160,000

<u>BALANCE OUTSTANDING</u> - June 30, 2024 \$ 3,150,000

		INTEREST	REQUIREMENTS					
DUE DATES		RATES	PRINCIPAL			INTEREST		TOTAL
November 1	2024				\$	63,000	\$	63,000
May 1	2025	4.000%	\$	450,000		63,000		513,000
November 1	2025					54,000		54,000
May 1	2026	4.000%		450,000		54,000		504,000
November 1	2026					45,000		45,000
May 1	2027	4.000%		450,000		45,000		495,000
November 1	2027					36,000		36,000
May 1	2028	4.000%		450,000		36,000		486,000
November 1	2028					27,000		27,000
May 1	2029	4.000%		450,000		27,000		477,000
November 1	2029					18,000		18,000
May 1	2030	4.000%		450,000		18,000		468,000
November 1	2030					9,000		9,000
May 1	2031	4.000%		450,000		9,000		459,000
			\$	3,150,000	\$	504,000	\$	3,654,000

DENOMINATION

\$5,000 each, or any integral multiple thereof not exceeding the aggregate principal amount for each maturity.

REDEMPTION PRIOR TO MATURITY

Bonds or portions of bonds in multiples of \$5,000 maturing on or after May 1, 2027, are subject to redemption at the option of the School District in such order as the School District may determine by lot within any maturity, on any interest payment date occurring on or after May 1, 2026, at par and accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption.

2020 SCHOOL BUILDING AND SITE BONDS, SERIES II JUNE 30, 2024

TITLE OF ISSUE	2020 School Building and Site Bonds, Series II
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<u>PURPOSE</u> Remodeling, installing security measurers for, equipping and re-

equipping and furnishing and refurnishing school buildings; acquiring and installing instructional technology and instructional technology equipment for school buildings; and developing and

improving parking areas, an athletic track facility and sites.

DATE OF ISSUE January 9, 2020

INTEREST PAYABLE May 1, and November 1, of each year

AMOUNT OF ISSUE \$ 2,470,000

AMOUNT REDEEMED

Current Year \$ 555,000

Prior Years 1,315,000 1,870,000

BALANCE OUTSTANDING - June 30, 2024 \$ 600,000

	INTEREST			REQU	JIREMENTS		
	RATES	Р	RINCIPAL	IN	ITEREST		TOTAL
2024				\$	12,000	\$	12,000
2025	4.000%	\$	600,000		12,000		612,000
		\$	600 000	\$	24 000	\$	624,000
		RATES 2024	RATES P	RATES PRINCIPAL 2024	RATES PRINCIPAL IN \$ 2024 2025 4.000% \$ 600,000	RATES PRINCIPAL INTEREST 2024 2025 4.000% \$ 600,000 12,000	RATES PRINCIPAL INTEREST 2024 2025 4.000% \$ 600,000 12,000

<u>DENOMINATION</u> \$5,000 each, or any integral multiple thereof not exceeding the

aggregate principal amount for each maturity.

<u>REDEMPTION PRIOR TO MATURITY</u> The bonds are not subject to redemption prior to maturity.

2020 REFUNDING BONDS JUNE 30, 2024

TITLE OF ISSUE	2020 Refunding Bonds
TITLE OF ISSUE	ZUZU KETUHUNIN DUHUS

<u>PURPOSE</u> To refund a portion of a prior bond issue of the School District and

the costs of issuing the bond.

DATE OF ISSUE January 9, 2020

INTEREST PAYABLE May 1, and November 1, of each year

<u>AMOUNT OF ISSUE</u> \$ 8,365,000

AMOUNT REDEEMED

 Current Year
 \$ 185,000

 Prior Years
 240,000
 425,000

<u>BALANCE OUTSTANDING</u> - June 30, 2024 \$ 7,940,000

		INTEREST			REQ	JIREMENTS	
DUE DATES		RATES	F	PRINCIPAL	11	NTEREST	TOTAL
November 1	2024				\$	102,285	\$ 102,285
May 1	2025	2.334%	\$	235,000		102,284	337,284
November 1	2025					99,542	99,542
May 1	2026	2.434%		975,000		99,542	1,074,542
November 1	2026					87,676	87,676
May 1	2027	2.490%		1,095,000		87,676	1,182,676
November 1	2027					74,044	74,044
May 1	2028	2.540%		1,215,000		74,043	1,289,043
November 1	2028					58,613	58,613
May 1	2029	2.560%		1,340,000		58,613	1,398,613
November 1	2029					41,461	41,461
May 1	2030	2.640%		1,470,000		41,461	1,511,461
November 1	2030					22,057	22,057
May 1	2031	2.740%		1,610,000		22,057	1,632,057
			\$	7,940,000	\$	971,354	\$ 8,911,354

<u>DENOMINATION</u> \$5,000 each, or any integral multiple thereof not exceeding the

aggregate principal amount for each maturity.

<u>REDEMPTION PRIOR TO MATURITY</u> The Bonds are not subject to redemption prior to maturity.